

Louisville Daily Express.

OLD SERIES--VOL. XXV.

LOUISVILLE, MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 1, 1869.

NEW SERIES--VOL. I, NO. 175.

THE CITY.

Public Installation.
There will be a public installation of Louisville Lodge, No. 220, I. O. G. T., and also a presentation of a premium set of regalia to-night at Tompkins' Hall, corner Green and Eleventh streets.

Inquest No. 11.
Held Sunday, October 31st, 1869, at the house of Pamela Smith, No. 43, on the alley, between High street and Portland avenue and Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, on the body of an infant. The verdict of the jury was that the child was of premature birth from causes unknown.

R. A. SHADBURNE, CORONER J. C.
The best cigars in the market can be had at Edward Peynado & Co.'s, Galt House stand.

Great Base Ball Match.
The Mutuals of New York, and the famous "Red Stockings" will play a match game in Cincinnati on Saturday next. There is a rumor about that the Cincinnati club will also shortly tackle our own "Kentucky" club. If so, when next they play their base ball match, may we be there to see.

Stop It.
The boys have lately taken up for a play the slinging of pebbles, &c. from small rubber slings, in the streets. This is dangerous amusement, and should be stopped at once. A little boy was hit in the eye, a day or two since, and seriously hurt, and there is no telling how many accidents may occur if the practice is not stopped.

St. Louis Air Line.
The Commissioners of Floyd county, Indiana, met at New Albany Saturday, and adopted the proposition of submitting to the citizens of that county a subscription by the county to the stock of the St. Louis Air Line road. The amount of subscription is ninety-five thousand dollars, and the vote will be taken on the fifth of next month.

Columbus and Tennessee River Railroad.

The Columbus (Ky.) Dispatch says that there is a great deal of talk in that part of the State about constructing a road from that place, via Millersburg and Mayfield, to interest or form a junction with the Evansville and Paducah Railroad at or near the point where it is to cross the Tennessee river. It is thought a meeting will be held soon to give the project form.

Police Report for October.
We are indebted to the courtesy of Mr. J. H. Bibb, clerk to the Police Commissioners, for a copy of Capt. Shadburne's monthly report of arrests during the month of October. The total number of arrests was 317. Of these the felonies numbered 89, divided as follows: Americans, 43; Irish, 7; German, 11; Negro, 28. Misdemeanors numbered 228, as follows: Americans, 87; Irish, 71; German, 45; Negro, 25. From this report it would appear that October was not a very busy month with the police. As there were 31 days in the month, it gives an average of 10.23 per day; and as there are about 90 officers, there was in the whole month to each officer an average of about 31 arrests, or one arrest every nine days for each member of the force. This is a pretty fair record for the city, and would seem to show that we are generally a law-abiding people.

At a regular meeting of Olive Branch Lodge, No. 177, I. O. G. T., at their hall, Saturday night, October 30th, 1869, the following officers were elected to serve the ensuing term: James Harris, W. C. T.; Miss Kate Murray, V. V. T.; Simpson, W. Sec.; J. M. Bowers, W. F. S.; Mrs. Katie Bowers, W. T.; L. D. Pearson, Jr., W. M.; Miss Belle Smith, I. G.; Geo. E. Foskett, O. G.; James A. Breeding, P. W. C. T.; James C. Gill, L. D.

Louisville Opera House.
This evening Mrs. D. P. Powers, one of the celebrated actresses of the Eastern cities, will appear before a Louisville audience, we believe, for the first time in four years. On this occasion she will be supported by the talented young actor, J. C. McCullum, and the company. She will produce a dramatization of Mrs. Henry Wood's popular novel, "Lady Audley's Secret," in which she appears as Lady Audley and Mr. McCullum as Robert Audley.

Death on the Rail.
A wood-chopper named Montgomery was killed Friday night, on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, half a mile north of the Bardonia junction, the body being cut entirely in two, and much mutilated otherwise. He was seen in that vicinity Friday afternoon very drunk, and it is believed that he lay down across the track and went to sleep; and in that position was killed by one of the night trains. The body was found Saturday morning.

Louisville and Toledo Railroad.
Articles of association were completed and organization effected, last Friday, of a company to build a road from North Vernon to Newcastle (Ind.), thus accomplishing connection by rail between Louisville and Toledo, O., via Jeffersonville, North Vernon, Newcastle and Fort Wayne. The directors in this new enterprise are as follows: Hiram Prather, H. Tapp, John S. Scooby, W. W. Hamilton, James Garvin, Irvin Robbins, J. S. Harper, G. B. Elston, Wm. James, L. Sexton, E. M. Barry, E. Pleas and Griffin. The capital stock is one million and a half.

Edward Peynado & Co., are the sole direct importers of Havana cigars in Louisville, Ky.

Another Railroad.
The Indianapolis Sentinel of Saturday says a meeting of prominent citizens of Henry, Rush, Decatur and Jennings counties was held at the Secretary of State's office, yesterday afternoon, to consider the feasibility of building a railroad from North Vernon to Newcastle, a distance of sixty-six miles. After a free interchange of opinion, it was decided to organize a company with a capital of \$1,500,000, to be called the Toledo and Louisville Railroad Company, and articles of association were drawn up and subscribed to, and the amount of stock required by law being at once taken. Directors were chosen.

The directors will meet in that city in two weeks, and in the meantime the enterprise will be pushed forward as much as possible.

EXPLOSION OF A FURNACE.

Panic in Church.

Yesterday forenoon, the Unitarian Church, corner of Fifth and Walnut, was the scene of an explosion, which, fortunately, did not result in any damage, but caused a great panic in the congregation for a few minutes. Rev. Mr. Heywood had begun the morning service—in fact, had entered upon his sermon about ten minutes—when a noise was heard under the floor, as if something very heavy had fallen, and the house was considerably shaken by the accident, whatever it might prove to be. This noise and jar did not excite any particular alarm, though all heard it, and were aroused; some, no doubt, thinking it the shock of an earthquake, inasmuch as several shocks have been felt lately in the North. Not more than half a minute elapsed from the occurrence of the noise, when every register in the house began to belch out huge volumes of smoke and gas, so that the house was very shortly filled. When the smoke made its appearance, fright seized upon the large majority of the audience; suppressed screams were heard all over the house; there was a hurried rushing for the door. For about one minute there was a perfect panic, but by the coolness and calmness of Mr. Heywood, Mr. Sues, Dr. Goddard and some others, something like order was restored, and the people left the smoke-filled church without crushing each other to death. An examination revealed the fact that in filling the furnace with a fresh supply of coal, the smoke-flues were not sufficient to carry off the rapid accumulation of gas and the cap or funnel was blown off; the air-chambers were immediately filled, and of course the only outlet was into the body of the church. The damage is a mere nothing, and the funnel was refitted to its place in a short time.

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Railroad Matters in Eastern Kentucky.
A meeting has been called for to-day, November 1st, at Greensburg, of all who are interested in extending the Hunnewell Railroad to Grayson, and in building the Tygart creek road to the Lambert ore banks. Carter county, of which Grayson is the county seat, has already subscribed fifty thousand dollars toward giving that county connection with the Ohio at Greensburg. The Hunnewell Railroad Company have asked for ten thousand dollars additional, and it is believed, will get it. Eastern Kentucky, so long in recognizing its true interests, is at length waking up.

The Heavy Robbery.
The case of Meadows, Blankenship and Simmons, for stealing the seven thousand dollars from Mr. Joel Blankenship, was concluded in the City Court Saturday afternoon. Simmons was found innocent of any complicity in the robbery, and was consequently discharged. The other two were held in \$8,000 to answer at the next term of the Circuit Court, in default of which they were remanded to jail.

The Worrell Sisters.
To-night these far-famed and beautiful young ladies will make their first appearance at Weisiger Hall. They will open with a grand musical and historical burlesque entitled the Grand Duchesse. In this they will be supported by those New York favorites, George Lingard, James Dunn, George Atkins and others. The success which has attended them everywhere else will, no doubt, be accorded to them here.

Erroneous.
The report that three men were killed at the tunnel on the Shelby branch railroad proves to be incorrect. There was an accident, and three men were injured, but, fortunately, not killed. John Roach had a leg broken and his head cut, Thomas Brannon had a leg broken and his face cut, and Tim Hunter was cut about the head and somewhat bruised. None of the injuries, however, are very serious.

School Matters.
The Board of Trustees met to-night in regular monthly session. To-day, in accordance with regulations adopted, the hours of school will be changed. The one session per day will begin this morning. The schools will open at 9 A. M., and close at 2 P. M., with a recess of fifteen minutes between 10 and 11, and half an hour between 12 and 1.

A Fall.
An old lady, whose name did not reach us, slipped at the crossing of Congress alley, on Tenth street, Saturday, and fell to the ground, injuring the cap of her knee. She was about sixty years old, and the fall may prove more serious than expected. Her wounds were dressed by a surgeon and she managed to make her way home.

ODDS AND ENDS.

County Court meets to-day, and one of its important duties will be the election, for the ensuing year, of a physician for the jail. Dr. H. D. Pope, who has filled the position for the past year with perfect satisfaction, is a candidate for re-election. Mr. Richard Totten, who, last week, by a mistake of Bishop Smith, was consecrated to the office of bishop, instead of deacon, in Lexington, was, some eighteen months ago, clerk in the drug store of Dr. T. J. Helm, at the corner of Seventh and Walnut streets, in this city.

Officer McGuire yesterday arrested and locked up in the Green-street station one C. Ward, a resident of Limerick, on the charge of drunkenness and abuse of his family. Officers Needy and Rodgers yesterday arrested Charles and John Peterson and James Dougherty, for being drunk and committing an unprovoked assault on George Schwing. The three were locked up in the Green street station.

Yesterday was one of the most lovely days we have had in a long time. The examination of Mr. Glorie, in the City Court, Saturday afternoon, resulted in his discharge, the proof all being, that the shooting of Bensinger was entirely an accident.

Coroner Shadburne was called yesterday to hold an inquest on the body of an infant, in an alley, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth and High street and Portland avenue. An examination of all the facts proved the child to be still-born. The rink Saturday night was the gayest, liveliest, happiest place we have seen in a long time. The skaters enjoyed themselves greatly, and the spectators were not a whit behind them.

Rev. Dr. R. H. Rivers, pastor of the Broadway M. E. Church, South, will, this evening, deliver a lecture before the Young Men's Christian Association. Subject—"The Young Men of our Country—their Dangers and Duties." He will have a large audience to hear him in the rooms of the association.

Bullard's panorama of New York, which will be unrolled in this city to-morrow has been for several nights delighting the citizens of New Albany and Jeffersonville.

Convicts Arrived.
The Jeffersonville penitentiary on Saturday received five convicts per the steamer Morning Star from Vanderburgh county, Indiana. Daniel Richardson, Jos. Parker, G. Pinich, H. Schafer and J. Owen (negro) are their names. When the boat landed at Mauckport, about five o'clock in the morning, Richardson slipped his manacles off his wrists, slid down the fender, and endeavored to make his escape, which he came very near doing, but he was seen, the alarm given, and, after pursuit, he was captured.

Personal.
Dr. David Cummins, the eminent surgeon, has just returned from his European tour. The Doctor is in fine health. While he was in Paris, he met with our former fellow-citizen, Paul Shipman, Esq., who, with his wife, was enjoying the gayeties of Parisian life. Mr. Welsh-Edwards, in other years connected with the Louisville Theater, now belongs to the Worrell Sisters' company. Judge Bald Ballard, Colonel Bristow, General Murray and other officers of the United States District Court, left Sunday afternoon for Paducah, where they will hold a term of the court.

Accident in Elizabethtown.
The Elizabethtown and Paducah railroad company are erecting a large round house in Elizabethtown. Saturday morning, a scaffolding gave way, by which several workmen were thrown to the ground, at a distance of 18 or 20 feet, and five or six of them considerably injured. Three of them were brick-masons from this city, to-wit: Wm. Dale, Wm. Wilson and The Sale. The others were laborers, but their names were not learned.

Hunting Work.
Saturday afternoon two young chaps, of respectable appearance, aged about seventeen or eighteen years, applied at the First-street station for permission to stay until to-day. They said they had just arrived from Cincinnati—came down to look for work, but had no money to pay for board and lodging. They were permitted to remain.

Killing at Brandenburg.
A passenger by the Morning Star, which arrived Saturday, reports that on the arrival of the boat at Brandenburg, news was brought on board of a terrible murder which had just occurred in that village. A man was not only killed, but, as expressed, "cut all to pieces." No names were obtained, nor any of the particulars.

Counterfeit Tobacco Stamps.
In the United States Court, Saturday, Oscar Von Stein was tried and found guilty of receiving and having in his possession, with intent to defraud the government, counterfeit tobacco stamps, and the court sentenced him to imprisonment in the penitentiary for five years.

Lady Shootists.
New Albany has a rifle club, among the members of which are several very rare shots. Two of the members are young ladies, one a young married lady of New Albany, the other a young lady of this city, not married.

Correction.
The types made us say, Saturday, that a railroad meeting will be held in Henderson in favor of the Louisville and Henderson railroad. Hardinsburg is the place of meeting, and not Henderson.

DANGEROUS COLLISION.

Saturday evening a couple of one-horse wagons came into collision on Market street, just below Eighth, and for a time it was feared death of one or more was to be the result. One of Mr. Merkel's bread-wagons, driven by Mr. Duffy, was going down street, and a spring-wagon, containing three ladies, was coming up. Mr. Duffy exerted himself to the best of his ability to hold in or turn aside his horse, as soon as he saw the danger, but the horse was a large, powerful animal, and very hard-mouthed; he was also running a pretty good gait. The wheels of the two wagons came together with a clash and jar, which threw all the ladies out into the street. Mr. Wise, who has a grocery at the corner, rushed out as soon as possible. One of the ladies was helping herself up, the other two lay across the cart-track as if dead. He raised the head of one, and with assistance, which had by this time arrived, carried her into the house, and laid her down on a sofa. In a moment longer the other was brought in. Neither gave any sign of life—no breath, no pulsation. One was an old lady apparently 65 years of age, the other a young girl of about 17. Ladies in the neighborhood hastened to the scene, and after working over them with rubbing, and application of spirits, both came to. In half an hour, they were able to sit up. They proved to be Germans, not able to speak English, who have but lately arrived, and are now living on Broadway, near Twenty-third street. As soon as they were sufficiently restored, they entered the wagon, which had not been injured, and started home. The old lady, when asked if she was much hurt, replied in German that she felt considerable pain in her back. The jar of the collision and the fall across the rail-track came very near being fatal to both of them. For a short time the breath had been knocked out of both. This should be a lesson about fast driving in the streets.

A Silver Wedding.
One of the most joyous occasions that has occurred of late, was the celebration, last Saturday evening, of their silver wedding by Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Haldeman, at their residence, on Sixth street, near Broadway. The company present was noted more for its select and sociable character than for its numbers, and the entertainment set for them was enjoyed with that delight engendered by esteem and affection for the givers, heightened by the occasion. Mr. and Mrs. H. were the recipients of some very elegant presents—two especially worthy of note. One of these was a full set of plate, presented by some of their numerous friends; the other was a full set presented by the trustees of the Louisville Medical University. These, handsome as they could be, were only outward expressions of that warm friendship and heartfelt esteem which animated the donors. Twenty-five years ago, two happy young hearts were joined. Twenty-five years ago have gone into the past, but to find those two hearts grown into one—having but one aim, one purpose, one desire. Twenty-five years, in passing, have gathered other young and loving hearts, which cluster around and lean their heads upon the parent heart—their home, their joy, their love. May they and all they have, when twenty-five years more have joined the past, be gathered to a golden wedding, where this two-one shall be crowned with the golden glory of a well-spent, happy life.

Too Hasty.
Last week at the corner of Sixteenth and Walnut car No. 3 stopped to take on a couple of ladies, one old and one young. The young lady entered and the other, at least sixty-five years of age, had caught hold of the iron guard at the door, and had one foot on the step, when the driver started his horses. A couple of passengers sprang to the rescue, and succeeded in taking her safely within. Had they not done so she would have been thrown into the street, and might have been seriously injured. Car drivers cannot be too careful in letting out or taking in passengers.

The Civil Rights Case.
The jury in the United States Court, Saturday evening, returned a verdict of guilty, for shooting Stephen Tucker, a negro, against the following parties: Buford Kennett, Jos. Glazebrook, John Douglas Clark, Wm. Gray, Nick Crowds (negro), and Sam. Kimberlin (negro). They were committed to jail to await the sentence of the court.

Notice.
We are requested to say that John J. Gillum, formerly of Bridgeport, Ala., will hear of the whereabouts of his young brother James by applying at this office.

TOWN TOPICS.

Shrewsbury Oysters.
Phil. Lotich, of the St. Charles, has received another lot of these delicious bivalves.

Elegant Oil Paintings.
The final catalogue sale of those beautiful imported paintings, which have been on sale during the last week at No. 165 Fourth street, will take place this afternoon at three o'clock. They are well worthy of inspection and purchase by our lovers of the fine arts, and a better chance will not probably be offered this season.

Saloon and Cottage for Sale.
Morris, Southwick & Co. sell at auction this morning at 10 o'clock the Eclipse saloon, on Market street, between Fifth and Sixth, and at 4 o'clock, an exceedingly desirable cottage residence. Full particulars of both sales will be found in Sunday's Courier-Journal.

THE FIGHTERS.

THE APPROACHING BIG BATTLE.

FAIR PLAY ASSURED.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

We are on the eve of another exciting event in the now disgraceful history of the prize ring in this country—such an one as will attract hither very much such a crowd as came to see McCoolle whip Aaron Jones, and, we much fear, such elements as were gathered here when Coburn feared to face the giant the second time. It is not very likely, however, that this event will be characterized by such disgraceful scenes as was that down at Cold Spring Station. It will not, probably, be a meeting of a thousand professional thieves, and an occasion for their work on an unprotected crowd. Nor are we likely to have such contemptible work here on the 10th, as has twice settled, beyond dispute, the assertion that fair play cannot be had in the vicinity of St. Louis. When Tom Allen and Mike McCoolle strip to their fighting costumes and naked arms and bodies on this occasion, it will be in the presence of a crowd so evenly distributed that neither will dare to undertake dirty work. The game Englishman will have only a man to fight here—not ruffians, knives, pistols and clubs, as on the islands of the Mississippi.

THE PROSPECTS.

The indications, to-day, are that the fight will surely take place on Wednesday of next week, within fifty miles of Cincinnati. McCoolle will reach here to-morrow, and take up his quarters within easy distance of the fighting ground. He comes well trained, it is said, with much of his surplus flesh off, and with all his old strength and formidable appearance. He comes, too, a desperate man, from whom the laurels of many victories have been torn. To win them back, he must whip the man who has wrested them from him. Not long since, in this city, he said to a friend of Allen: "I know my reputation's gone; but I've got a chance yet, and I'll whip that man if it's in me to do it."

[McCoolle commenced his career as a prize-ring brawler in 1858, when he whipped one Perry in a pitched battle near Louisville.—Ed.]

Report of W. J. Paul, Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, on Fires and Alarms for the Month of October, 1869.

Alarm, October 1st—Market, between Ninth and Tenth; caused by coal oil lamp explosion; no damage.
Fire, October 2nd—E. H. Bland, Tenth and Walnut; loss \$150; insurance \$500; accidental.
Fire, October 7th—Harris, Koop & Co., Third, between Guthrie and Chestnut; loss trifling; accidental.
Fire, October 8th—Barnum, Post & Co., Fifth, between Main and the river; loss trifling; accidental.
Fire, October 12th—Dupont's paper mill, Tenth, between Main and river; loss trifling; accidental.
Fire, October 15th—Caused by burning wood-pile at the head of Jefferson street.
Fire, October 18th—J. Dulaney, Chestnut, between Fifth and Sixth; loss \$16; insurance \$300; accidental.
Fire, October 21st—Charles Sessor, First and Breckinridge; loss trifling; accidental.
Fire, October 22nd—Henry Hoskins, Chestnut, between Shelby and Campbell; loss \$9; insurance \$1,000; accidental.
Fire, October 23rd—Sixth, between Chestnut and Broadway; loss \$8; insurance \$300; accidental.
Fire, October 24th—J. S. Speed, Third, between Walnut and Chestnut; loss \$5; insurance \$2,000; accidental.
Fire, October 25th—Dr. Keller, Preston, between Jefferson and Green; loss \$100; insurance \$1,000; accidental.
Fire, October 26th—No fire.
Fires, October 27th—No fire.
Alarms, October 27th—No alarm.
Insurance above loss, \$20,819.50

MORTUARY REPORT FOR WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 30, 1869.

HEALTH OFFICE, LOUISVILLE, OCT. 30, 1869.
Consumption, 4; Intemperance, 1; Pneumonia, 1; Inebriation, 1; Gun-shot wound, 1; Accidents, 2; Remittent fever, 1; Scarlet fever, 2; Typhoid fever, 1; Small-pox, 2; Typhoid fever, 1; Dropsy, 1; Unknown, 1.
Total, 20.

SEX.
Male, 16; Female, 10.
COLOR.
White, 25; Black, 7.
NATIVITY.
Ireland, 28; Germany, 2; America, 2.

AGE.
Under three years, 10; 3 to 6 years, 3; 6 to 10 years, 3; 10 to 20 years, 3; 20 to 40 years, 4; 40 to 50 years, 0; 50 to 60 years, 4; 60 to 70 years, 1; 70 and over, 0.
Total, 32.
Without medical aid, 32.
SAMUEL MANLY, M. D., Sec'y of Health.

An enterprising young lady in New York, having considered the aspirations of the woman's-rights for female employment in blacksmith-shops, writes to the Tribune: "At first, I thought it was only to be resorted to as a last solution of domestic difficulties, if the husband were made of malleable material, and as I have no husband, of any material. I didn't see its application to my case, unless I could wear horsehoes, or learn, in time, to forge a name. But, in view of its becoming a fashionable profession, I want to be a blacksmith. And with the blacksmith's stand; and I thus publicly appeal to the 'Bureau' to assist me in procuring a situation in any pleasant blacksmith-shop, in a fashionable locality. I can play, dance, sing, draw, speak French, spout Horace, am thoroughly up in English classics, and can give the highest references as to my social position. No blacksmiths, except those of refinement and culture, need apply."

A negro dogberry in Mississippi has made a funny decision. The Vicksburg Herald tells the story: "Two negroes near Rolling Fork, in Issaquena county, had a difficulty, and it resulted in their attendance before a negro magistrate of the neighborhood. After a hearing, Justice decided that both men were in fault, and that each should pay a fine of twenty-five dollars and costs, making forty-eight dollars each. But both were unable to pay. The embarrassed 'Squire' finally hit upon a plan to get even with them. He put both to work on his forty-acre cotton patch, and they picked 4,800 pounds each to square the bill."

The Cuban representatives in Washington find that they have a strong opposition to meet in the influence of Hon. Sidney Walker, of New York, who is Secretary Fish's son-in-law, and who receives forty thousand dollars a year in gold as payment for services rendered to the Government of Spain as a lawyer.

NEW YORK STORE!

BUYERS OF DRY GOODS

ARE URGED TO LOOK AT THE

FOLLOWING LIST OF PRICES

FOR THIS WEEK AT

S. BARKER & CO.'S

109 and 111 Fourth St., Louisville, Ky.

DOMESTICS.

10,000 Yards Best Prints only 12 1-2c; 10,000 yards 4-4 Bleached Cotton from 12 1-2c up; 3,000 yards Canton Flannel, bleached and brown, at 15c; 10,000 yards Brown Cottons from 12 1-2c upward, 2,000 yards Bleached 10-4 Sheetings at 50c; 2,000 yards Brown 10-4 Sheetings at 47 1-2c; Hill's Semper Idem Bleached Cotton, only 15c.

LINENS.

2,000 yards Irish Linen, only 35c; 2,000 yds 4-8 American Crash, 12 1-2c; 2,000 yds 5-8 do do, 15c; 1,500 do 8-4 Table Linens, 45c and up; 100 doz Napkins at \$1 per dozen; 50 doz Red-bordered Towels, only \$1 25 pr doz.

DRESS GOODS.

5,000 yds Hamilton Delaines at 18 3-4c, worth 25c; 3,000 yds Black Alpacaes from 35c up; 5,000 yards all-wool French Merinoes at 60c, 75c and 85c; 3,000 yds Plaid Poplins, all-wool, at 50c, 65c and 75c; 1,000 yds Irish Poplins at \$1 50; 2,000 yds 6-4 Plaid Poplins at 50c; 1,000 yds Plaid Serge at \$1, worth \$1 25; 2,000 yards 6-4 Waterproof only \$1, worth \$1 25; Rich French Chintz at 50c; 1,000 Plaid Wool shawls at \$2 and upward; 100 new styles of coats and Araks; 500 pairs All-wool Bed Blankets, also, full lines of ladies', gents' and children's Underwear, Hosiery and Gloves, Special Bargains, to which we will add 100 dozen Ladies' Corsets at 75c, worth \$1; 50 doz Ladies' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs at \$2 per dozen.

We have received 10,000 yds Superb Black Silks; 8,000 yds Rich Fancy Silks for Evening and Bridal Costumes, which will be sold lower than any house in the city.

S. BARKER & CO. 109 and 111 Fourth street.

A CURIOUS SURGICAL SUCCESS.

Transfusion of Blood.
From the New York Post, Thursday.
The Medical Record, for October 1, publishes an account, by Dr. Joseph Buscher, of this city, of a successful operation, of a kind commonly dreaded and avoided by the most skillful surgeons.

The patient, a young German woman, lost much blood after an attack of typhus fever, became reduced in strength, and was apparently dying. As a last hope, Dr. Buscher proposed to her husband this dangerous operation of a transfusion of healthy blood from his vigorous body into her veins. The husband consented; and Dr. Guleke, who was called in consultation, assisted at the experiment. The following account is given of what occurred:

"After a satisfactory trial of the transfusion syringe of Eulenburg-Landois, we proceeded to the operation. We banded her right upper arm, previously having done the same to her vigorous and healthy husband, aged twenty-seven. A graduated glass, ready to receive the blood, and syringe were lying in the water of 40 degrees C. The median basilic vein was the most prominent. I made an incision of an inch in length, and dissected the skin till the vessel appeared, covered by its sheath. The cellular tissue of the vein was raised and cut, a sonde introduced in the hollow, the cellular tissue in both directions separated, and the vein was free.

"An eared curved sonde, provided with two silk threads, was pushed under the vein; both threads were separated at a distance of about six minutes. Thus by raising these threads every flux and reflux of blood was impossible, at the same time the influx of air after the opening of the vein was prevented.

"We then proceeded to the venesection of the husband. During a powerful flow of blood a solution of carb. soda, Na O Pl CO, was added—2 grains to dr. ij; as far as it united with the blood the same took a lively red color. Lifting the vein, a V-shaped incision was made with a small pair of scissors. The large syringe of Eulenburg-Landois was rapidly filled, surrounded by a warm cloth, the canule affixed, the air expelled, and the point of the syringe introduced into the vein about 12". The transfusion of about two ounces was easily accomplished. At once a decided resistance was felt; immediate change of position of the canule proved of no avail. The syringe was withdrawn, the canule detached; coagulated blood was found in it. Syringe and canule were emptied and cleaned, about three ounces of fresh blood were received in the instrument, and above one ounce was again injected.

"The patient, who could not possibly be anesthetized, underwent the operation with ease.

"The vein was on both sides underbound; the patient looked instantly refreshed and said: 'I feel better.' She relished at once a glass of claret and water.

"In three-quarters of an hour the operation was accomplished. Pulse immediately after the operation had fallen to 110, respirations, 16. One hour later, pulse 108, respirations 18.

"During the afternoon patient felt very hungry and thirsty; took light food and drank a pint bottle of claret. Evening, pulse 116, respirations 22, temperat. 37 deg. 5 C.

"The great danger of this operation lies in the possibility of injecting coagulated fibrine into the vein, or a bubble of air, either of which will be fatal to the patient. Dr. Buscher thinks his plan of using 'defibrinated blood,' and that after Dieffenbach's method, as described in this paper, a perfect security against both dangers.

"Of course no unpractised hands, and no mind unfamiliar with the history of transfusion, both in its few brilliant successes and in its terrible accidents, will venture to attempt such an operation as this. But a few such cases as this would afford the hope that, in skillful hands, transfusion of blood may become a powerful agent for good, in an important class of cases.

Clark Court Day Items.
There was a big court day in Winchester on Monday. Col. Caldwell reports that there were nearly one thousand two hundred head of cattle on the street. Bidders were a little backward at first, on account of the large supply, but rallied about noon. Best two year olds went at six cents; a few second year yearlings at \$12 50; mediums, \$35. Brush cattle were a drug, and Tennessee two year olds would not sell at five cents.—Paris Kentuckian.

Charles H. Bard, the general agent of the Franklin Telegraph Company in New York, says: "In every case where I have removed a man or boy, and placed a lady in an office, the receipts have increased largely, and the company have got the receipts." He declares that he wants to fill all the places of the strikers with women operators.

A "quiet, inoffensive person" in Decatur, Ala., is reported to have killed thirteen out of sixteen desperadoes who recently attacked him. For a quiet man he'll do.

Eugenie fainted when she was shown the photographs of the Pantin victims.

It has been the fruits of labor and toil:
I pledge much advantage, while others might
spoil.

GOODS of all shades and grades dried to
any fancy color that the goods will ad-
mit. Also Clothing made and trimmed in
the latest style. A large stock of Cloths, Cas-
simeres, Vesting and Furnishing Goods on
hand. Remember the place.

J. H. MONTEGOMERY,
91 Jefferson street.

LOUISVILLE.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1869.

AN AWFUL TRAGEDY.

Outrages of United States Soldiers.

The military are carrying things with high, and it may be said, bloody hands, in Texas. Here are two of their latest exploits, firing into a bridal party, and the killing of the brother, Grimes. The Houston Telegraph, of October 24th, has the following:

We learn that while a party was assembled at the residence of Mr. Hargrave, in Reed's prairie, Grimes county, on Thursday night, to attend the marriage of Mr. H's daughter, and a few minutes after the ceremony had been performed, a company of soldiers, in pursuit of some one supposed to be there, surrounded the house, and demanded its surrender. Mr. Hargrave offered to surrender the house and every one in it, and went out to the captain of the squad. The report is that while Mr. H. was talking to the captain, a young man in the house went off accidentally.

The soldiers in front of the house immediately opened fire. A Miss Russell had just stepped upon the gallery to get a drink, when she was hit in the head with a bullet, and, falling, was killed. A Mr. Fowler was also killed. Rolla Pearce and Mrs. Autry were wounded. With the first shot, the gentlemen in the house started every one in it, and went out to the captain of the squad. The report is that while Mr. H. was talking to the captain, a young man in the house went off accidentally.

The Examiner has the following somewhat different version of this affair from that given in its extra:

Thomas and Henry Grimes visited Waco, on the 17th, for the purpose of purchasing a suit of clothes for one of them, who was preparing for his wedding. Both had recently returned from the North, where they had been with a plenty of money. In the exuberance of their gaiety, natural to the hour and circumstances, they indulged in too much liquor and became somewhat boisterous, but they were finally persuaded to leave town. They rode off quietly, but a short distance from town one of them fell off his horse.

Gonzales, a Federal soldier, and acting as one of the city police, then procured a horse and followed them, and, perceiving their route to be incorrect, when Gonzales returned for reinforcements. The young men—the one who had fallen having remounted his horse—rode on in furious but drunken haste, until they reached the residence of Col. George Barney, about one mile from town, where one of them again falls from his horse, and is so drunk that he can scarcely remain on his feet; detained here by this accident, he is overtaken by Gonzales and his reinforcements of Federal Cavalry. The battle commences; the firing is about simultaneous and accurate, and the result is that this horrible affair, Gonzales is shot in the hand. The Federal soldiers having discharged their pieces, halt to reload, and the two brothers, one with a wounded horse, rode on past Mr. John Barney's house, until they are hit by the fire of the soldiers, who are now firing as they dash on the flying brothers, and as soon as they reach the top of the hill and discover the fugitives, they fire upon them and continue firing until the unfortunate brothers are dead and riddled with balls. Such is the latest account of this horrible tragedy, that has changed in a few hours a bridal robes into funeral garments.

A LUCKY ESCAPE.

A Newboy Not a Boy—A New Way of Dodging the Draft.

From the New Orleans Times.

A case of extraordinary interest is engaging the attention of the Second District Court, and so far the testimony reads like a clever romance. In fact, the circumstances bear a striking resemblance to those Mrs. Southworth worked into "The Hidden Hand."

In August last, Anthony Barret, testator, executor and universal legatee of the succession of Mrs. Christina Chandler, sued out an injunction against E. D. Beach, curator of the succession of Henrietta Newsom, prohibiting him from selling a piece of ground situated on Canal street, and claimed as part of the succession of said Henrietta Newsom, on the grounds that the property had been simply transferred to Henrietta Newsom by Mrs. Chandler, her mother, who had always held possession of the property.

The injunction was granted on trial on its merits yesterday. Anthony Barret, called to the stand, testified that his knowledge of the property belonged to Mrs. Chandler. Referring to Henrietta Newsom, witness said that Mrs. Chandler had told him on the day before her death that she had been guilty of a great crime, that she had had a natural child with one Newsom, a clerk in a grocery store in Vicksburg; that Newsom had promised to marry her, but failed to do so. This child was Henrietta Newsom; that she had kept her disguised in boy's clothes up to the time of General Grant's arrival, who issued an order for her draft or conscription. At that time Henrietta was disguised as aforesaid, and selling newspapers about the streets of New Orleans.

Henry Weber testified that he was a newspaper carrier about ten years ago for the New Orleans Times; that he was well acquainted with Henry Newsom, who was at that time carrier for the New Orleans Crescent. That Henry often came to his house and brought flowers to his daughter, and that he never knew him to be a girl until a short time before her death. After she resumed the apparel of her sex her name was Henrietta Newsom. He knows positively that she was the identical person called Henry Newsom. In 1860 or 1861 she was 16 or 17 years of age.

Mrs. Macarty testified she knew Henrietta Newsom. First knew her as Henry Grew. Since 1863 her name has never changed in her looks, and always appeared to be 18 or 19 years old.

Mrs. Sarah Ann Harris said she was acquainted with Mrs. Christina Chandler since 1838, when she lived in Vicksburg. She had only one child, named Thomas Chandler. [This child is alleged in the petition of injunction as having died.] Reporter: She had no daughter. I never knew Henrietta Newsom. Knew Eliza Henderson, who was living with Christina Chandler's mother in Vicksburg when I knew Eliza, in 1838 or 39, she was ten or eleven years old. She was the child of a sister of Christina Chandler. Here the testimony closed for the day.

It is well established, and not disputed, that Henrietta Newsom was a newboy or girl, as you please, in this city. The only question in dispute is whether she and Eliza Henderson are identically the same person. This the attorney for Mr. Barret says he is ready to prove. The next question, and the most difficult one to solve, will be whether Henrietta was the daughter of Mrs. Chandler by her paramour, and previous to her marriage with the Chandler from whom she derived her name.

The late Lord Derby had an income of nearly \$400,000 per annum. Much of his property was in the hands of his son, who was enjoying an income of \$500,000 and upward.

OUTRAGES OF LOYAL LEAGUES IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Partisanship of Governor Holden.

From the Wilmington Journal, Oct. 27.

A series of outrages, consisting of murders, arson, robbery, barn-burning and larceny, carried on for months by members of the Loyal League, and spreading terror throughout Jones and Lenoir counties, caused the formation of counter organizations. These were doubtless organized originally for self-protection, but, increased at the bold and heinous outrages of the Leagues, the passions of the members excited by the murder of innocent men, women and children, and the flames of burning dwellings, their acts have been, in some cases, as lawless and violent as those of the Leagues. The murder of Col. Netherland, while surrounded by his family at evening prayers, and the burning of his dwelling, his wife and children deprived by the act of husband and father and homeless; the murder of a Federal soldier, including father, mother, and child; the burning of barns; the highway robberies; the numerous thefts committed entirely by members of a secret, oath-bound organization, under control of strangers and vagabonds, left in that immediate section by desertions from, and to the State, by the Leagues, a feeling of no confidence in the ability or the will of the irresponsible men in whose hands Generals Sickles and Canby had placed the execution of the laws. All was chaos and confusion. Violence beget violence, and murder induced murder. Bad men mocked at the majesty of the law and bad officials did not punish. The law and order were at a standstill. The law and order were at a standstill. The law and order were at a standstill.

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The late Lord Derby had an income of nearly \$400,000 per annum. Much of his property was in the hands of his son, who was enjoying an income of \$500,000 and upward.

The Will of Ex-President Franklin Pierce.

The will of the late ex-President Franklin Pierce was admitted to probate at Concord, New Hampshire, on Tuesday last.

It is dated January 22, 1868, and witnessed by Benjamin Grover, Charles Minot and Josiah Minot, the last named being appointed sole executor, and he has given bond in the sum of \$50,000. The following are the bequests:

To Henry D. Pierce, his brother, \$7,000; to Susan Pierce, wife of Henry D. Pierce, \$3,000 for her own use and control; to Kirk D. Pierce, a son of the testator, \$10,000; to Mary M. Aiken, \$1,000; to Anna K. Parker, F. Jane Henshaw and Jennie A. Aiken, \$300 each; to Harriet Bond, Frank P. Bond, Jane Appleton, Georgianna George, George Ray and Bella Ray, \$200 each; to Anna A. Southworth, Fanny P. Charlotte J. Bond, and to Solomon McNeil, \$200 each; to Una Julian and Rose Hawthorne, children of Nathaniel Hawthorne, \$500 each; to Prof. Charles A. Aiken, \$500; to John McNeil, a nephew, \$4,000; to Anna and Fanny, his children, \$500 each; to Joseph Minot, \$1,000, a picture of the great plain in Mexico and a cane; to his three daughters, \$200 each; to Benjamin Pierce Moore, of Hillsborough, \$500; to Benjamin Pierce George, of Concord, \$1,000; to Grace A. Williams, \$500; to Joseph Robinson, \$500; to Mrs. Sarah Williams of Concord, \$7,800, a small picture and a Japanese box; to the City of Concord, \$1,000 for a public library, as a perpetual fund, the annual income to be expended for the purchase of books.

The following are special bequests:

To Kirk Dearborn Pierce, the sword presented to me by the ladies of Concord in 1817. To Frank Hawthorne Pierce, the sword presented to me by the State of New Hampshire. To Colonel Thomas J. Whipple, a case of pistols and all other articles used by me in the Mexican war, including a silver mounted Mexican saddle. To Colonel Thomas P. Pierce, a steel scabbard and service sword. To Colonel Thomas H. Seymour, a name made from the flagstaff at Chippewa. To Colonel John H. George, the best horse owned by me, to be selected by him, and a hickory cane with my name worked in Roman letters on the knob. To Hon. Clement March a hickory cane in his possession. To James E. Langdon, of Portland, the Cincinnati badge worn by my father, Benjamin Pierce, now in said Davies' possession. To Henry D. Pierce my Cincinnati badge. To Hon. Josiah G. Abbott the Fletcher cane. To Franklin Pierce Abbott a framed picture of "The Penitent." To James E. Langdon, of Portland, a cane presented to me in January, 1855. To Charles H. Norton, of Concord, the best carriage and sleigh owned by me, to be selected by him. To Andrew Pierce, Jr., two octagonal pictures, "Hagar and Child" and "Destruction of Sodom." To Thomas W. Pierce, Boston, an oval picture and a small rosewood and ivory toilet case; to his daughter, George, a sketch by her mother in North Hampton, N. H. All the rest and residue of my estate of every kind and description, real, personal or mixed (valued at about \$10,000), I leave to Frank H. Pierce.

A few verbal bequests of mementoes were made during General Pierce's last illness. The value of the whole estate is estimated at about \$80,000.

Suite of an Austrian Noble.

The Pall Mall Gazette gives the following account of the trial of an Austrian nobleman at Vienna. It furnishes still another illustration of the lowly and disgraceful influence of what is now called speculation:

"Count Wintslaw was one of the handsomest and most popular of the young nobles of Austria. He had a fine figure, and held the dignity of Chamberlain of the Imperial Kitchen. Shortly after returning to his residence from the court dinner, given at the Hofburg to the Crown Prince of Prussia, he stabbed himself with a dagger, and this physical examination of his body led to the following morning found that he had died from the internal bleeding produced by his wounds."

"He was a victim to the mania of speculation which has of late become so rife in Viennese fashionable society. He was one of the founders of the Vienna stock exchange, which he occupied the post of president at the time of his death. At the beginning of August the shares of the bank stood at 280, but during the late crisis they fell to between 60 and 70. This sudden depreciation caused a loss to the count of \$50,000. As his own fortune was too small to bear so heavy a charge, his relations came to his assistance and enabled him to meet the whole of his liabilities; but he seems to have felt so acutely the humiliation of making his family suffer for his failures, that he put an end to his life."

Mutual Compliments.

At the close of Rev. Mr. Fulton's lecture last evening, at the Music Hall, Rev. Gilbert Haven introduced him to several ladies who were upon the platform, among others to Mrs. Julia Ward Howe. That lady refused to shake hands with him, and said:

"You profess to be a Christian minister, sir, and you have reviled women."

"Better do that, madam," replied he, "than to revile Jesus Christ."

"I never reviled Jesus Christ," said she.

"You have done your best to do it," said he.

"Sir," she responded, "you have played the part of a dramatist and buffoon."

"Madam," said he, "your birth, your education, and your position in society should have made a lady of you."

She replied, "Do you mean to say, sir, that I am not a lady?"

"I mean to say, madam, said he, "that you act very much like an outrageous exception."

At this point Mrs. Livermore and Mrs. Lucy Stone Blackwell took up the conversation, and Mrs. Howe withdrew.—*Boston Traveller.*

A Novelist in Trouble.

A curious press suit ended a few weeks ago, in Berlin. Marie von Roskowski, a writer, was charged before the Berlin Supreme Court with invading against magisterial regulations in three of her novels, which had recently been published in one volume, though they had previously appeared in the columns of a newspaper without attracting the attention of the authorities. The audience in court had a rare entertainment during the proceedings, as the clerk of the court and two reporters took turns in reading the thirteen and a half novels containing the three stories. The court found nothing threatening to the State in them, and acquitted the author, thus confirming the sentence of a lower court from which the public prosecutor had appealed. Nevertheless, of one of the novels, "Emme Concession," both the author and the plates were ordered to be destroyed.

Louis Muhlbach, whose historical novels have been so widely read, has abandoned her intention of making a lecturing tour through the United States. A professor of medicine in the Berlin University is responsible for this change of plan, for he has induced Mrs. Muhlbach to marry him. "Was ever thus."

INSURANCE.

GRANCH OFFICE FOR THE STATE OF KENTUCKY.

OF THE

Mound City

Mutual Life Insurance Co.,

OF St. Louis, Mo.

No. 144 1/2 West Main Street, Louisville, Ky.

OFFICERS.
JAMES BRIDGEFORD, President.
JAMES H. JOHNSON, Vice President.
HENRY W. GRAY, Secretary.
Dr. W. H. GALT, Medical Examiner.

DIRECTORS.
Wm. H. Meriwether, of O. W. Thomas & Co., Louisville, Ky.; J. H. Scholander, of H. Scholander & Sons, Philadelphia, Pa.; Lee & Hartman, Attorneys, Louisville, Ky.; James S. Barrett, Cashier German Security Bank, Louisville, Ky.; John T. Atter, Attorney-at-law, Louisville, Ky.; Dr. O. H. Gray, Farmer, Louisville, Ky.; Robert J. Elliott, Attorney-at-law, Louisville, Ky.; James Bridgeford, President Second National Bank, Louisville, Ky.; Henry W. Gray, General Insurance Agent, Louisville, Ky.; William Johnson, Attorney-at-law, Louisville, Ky.

All policies non-forfeitable after one annual premium is paid.
Travel in the United States, British Provinces or Europe, unrestricted.
None but fairly extra hazardous occupations charged extra premium.
A loan of one-third the premium allowed, if desired, at six per cent.
Thirty days' grace allowed on payment of premium.
The high rate of interest to be obtained in the West will result greatly to the advantage of policy holders in Western companies.
A portion of the company's funds will be invested in Kentucky under the advice and supervision of this branch office.

JOHNSTON, GRAY & CO.,

State Agents,

No. 144 1/2 WEST MAIN STREET, up stairs,

LOUISVILLE, SEPT. 11, 1869.

HENRY W. GRAY, NORTHBORNE G. GRAY

Insurance Agents,

No. 144 1/2 MAIN STREET,

Security, of New York, . . . \$2,000,000

Commercial, of Albany, N. Y. . . . 500,000

Atlantic, Brooklyn, N. Y. . . . 600,000

Market, of New York, . . . 500,000

JULY 15, 1869.

ATWOOD & NICHOLAS,

INSURANCE AGENTS,

No. 144 1/2 MAIN STREET,

Pacific Insurance Co., of California (gold), \$1,500,000

International Insurance Co., of New York, . . . 1,000,000

Enterprise Insurance Co., of Cincinnati, . . . 1,000,000

Union Insurance Co., of Louisville, . . . 125,000

m35 ly

AYER'S

Hair Vigor,

For Restoring Gray Hair to its

Natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at

once agreeable, healthy,

and effectual for preserv-

ing the hair. Faded or

gray hair is soon restor-

ed to its original color

with the gloss and fresh-

ness of youth. Thin

hair is thickened, falling

hair checked, and baldness often, though

not always, cured by its use. Nothing

can restore the hair where the follicles are

destroyed, or the glands atrophied and

decayed. But such as remain can be

saved for usefulness by this application.

Instead of fouling the hair with a sticky sedi-

ment, it will keep clean and vigorous. Its

occasional use will prevent the hair from

turning gray or falling off, and conse-

quently prevent baldness. Free from

those deleterious substances which make

some preparations dangerous and injuri-

ous to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit

but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

Nothing else can be found so desirable.

Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not

soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on

the hair, giving it a rich, glossy luster and

a grateful perfume.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.,

Practical & Analytical Chemists,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE \$1.00.

SOLD BY

E. WILDER & CO.,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

AND DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

ALMOND'S

PATENT ELASTIC

Spring Bed Bottom

Cheap, Simple, Comfortable & Durable.

THEY can be made with great rapidity,

and no expensive preparations are neces-

sary to engage in their manufacture.

STATE & COUNTY RIGHTS FOR SALE

AT LOW PRICES.

Kentucky, Indiana, Ohio, Iowa, Wisconsin,

Michigan, Mo., and other States, where the

rights have been sold. Any or all of the remain-

ing territory of the United States will be sold

at low figures. Prices for counties vary

from \$25 to \$500.

This patent is worthy of the attention of

farmers, mechanics and capitalists in all parts

of the country, to whom it is most earnestly

recommended as a remunerative investment.

The article can be seen at the unobtrusive

establishment of Henry Welch Esq., No. 6

West Main street, Louisville, Ky., where

orders for them may be left and will receive

prompt attention.

Factories are being immediately to start

manufactories in New York city, Chicago,

St. Louis, Mo., and several other large

commercial centers.

Proprietors from responsible parties to

manufacture on the Royalty plan will re-

ceive prompt attention.

JOHN H. ALMOND,

Inventor and Patentee.

CARPET HOUSE!

J. G. Mathers & Co.,

NO. 106 MAIN STREET,

ADJOINING BANK OF LOUISVILLE

LOUISVILLE, KY.

WE are receiving daily, from the import-

ers and manufacturers, the largest and

WINTERSMITH'S

WINTERSMITH'S

TONIC SIRUP,

Chill Cure,

A CERTAIN REMEDY

FOR EVERY FORM OF

FEVER AND AGUE.

THE CURE IS PERMANENT.

The Chill Once Broken Will

Not Return.

Contains No Quinine or Arsenic,

nor Any Deleterious Sub-

stance Whatever.

This preparation is carefully compounded

of purely vegetable ingredients, and never

fails, when properly taken, to cure the most

obstinate case of fever and ague, neuralgia

and all malarial diseases. Unlike chill

remedies generally, it requires no purgative

to be taken with it, the medicine itself acting

gently and agreeably upon the liver and bow-

els, effectually removing the cause of the dis-

ease, not merely temporarily checking it.

Herein consists one great advantage it has

over all other preparations. The crowning

excellence of this remedy, however, above

the permanency and certainty of its cure, is

the fact that no injury whatever can arise

from its use, as is certain to be the case when

quinine or arsenic are taken, which are the

principal ingredients of most of the chill

medicines now in use. Quinine, acting upon

the nervous system, produces, according to

our best authorities, "a feeling of tightness or

distension of the head, ringing, buzzing or

roaring in the ears, partial deafness," &c.,

and, when the dose is increased, "complete

deafness, diminution or loss of sight, dilated

or immovable pupil, coma, and great prostra-

tion."

Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup leaves the

system in a perfectly healthy condition, with

no bad effects in

DAILY EXPRESS.

ADVERTISING RATES.

THE LOUISVILLE EXPRESS.

6. First insertion, 10 cents per line.
 Second insertion, 7 cents per line.
 Third insertion, 5 cents per line.
 Fourth insertion, 4 cents per line.
 Fifth insertion, 3 cents per line.
 Sixth insertion, 2 cents per line.
 Seventh insertion, 1 cent per line.
 Eighth insertion, 1 cent per line.
 Ninth insertion, 1 cent per line.
 Tenth insertion, 1 cent per line.
 Eleventh insertion, 1 cent per line.
 Twelfth insertion, 1 cent per line.
 Thirteenth insertion, 1 cent per line.
 Fourteenth insertion, 1 cent per line.
 Fifteenth insertion, 1 cent per line.
 Sixteenth insertion, 1 cent per line.
 Seventeenth insertion, 1 cent per line.
 Eighteenth insertion, 1 cent per line.
 Nineteenth insertion, 1 cent per line.
 Twentieth insertion, 1 cent per line.

LOUISVILLE.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1869.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

WASHINGTON.

The Case of the Cuban Privateer, Hornet.

Nine Seats Contested in the Next House.

A Committee from the Louisville Commercial Convention.

They Call on the President To-day.

Special to the Express.

WASHINGTON, October 31.

The administration has advised that there will be no difficulty in disposing of the Hornet. The remainder of the evidence has been forwarded and is all sufficient to hold the vessel and her officers under the neutrality laws.

The House committee on elections, through their clerks, are busy preparing the evidence of the many contested cases to be brought before them next month. There are nineteen of these contested cases, and the labor involved in arranging, &c., and digesting the testimony is very great. In the Louisiana cases the evidence alone will make a volume of several hundred pages, and in the Covode case in Pennsylvania the expenses of taking testimony has been already quite large. The committee appointed by ex-President Fillmore to wait upon President Grant in behalf of the Louisville Commercial Convention will have an interview at 12 o'clock to-morrow. Several members of the committee have already arrived: Gen. Wallbridge, of New York; Blanton Duncan, of Kentucky, and R. M. Corwin, of Ohio. The President sent a dispatch inquiring the objects of the convention, hence the deputation to thank the President.

To the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, October 30.

The President, to-day, appointed C. D. Smith, Surveyor of Customs, at Paducah, Ky., and Wm. E. Gidding, Assessor, First district of Virginia.

An opinion will soon be delivered by Attorney General Hall, declaring the salaries of Judges of State courts exempt from internal revenue taxation.

ST. LOUIS.

Latest from the Wreck of the Stonewall.

Many Persons Picked Up Alive Far Below the Wreck.

River Pirates Stealing Everything in Sight.

St. Louis, October 31.

The Republican has received a dispatch from Captain Taylor, one of the company that left here last evening for the wreck of the steamer, which says no bodies were found to-day. The names of those buried yesterday are unknown. Several persons were picked up below here yesterday alive, but I have not been able to learn their names. The wreck is still burning. The freight in the hold is uninjured, but is being stolen rapidly.

If the Board of Underwriters had sent a tug down fifty thousand dollars worth of property could have been saved. Whisky, pork and flour is going in every direction. The safe of the boat had been taken out, and is in the hands of Judge Henderson, Justice of the Peace.

Captain Scott, the first clerk, Elbert, and Captain Dowry, of New Orleans, are surely lost.

The friends and relatives of the lost by the Stonewall disaster are arriving at Neeley's Landing. No bodies have yet risen to the surface of the river. Eight sets of grappling irons have been put in operation, but with what success is not known.

Explorations along the river banks for several miles have been made, but, last accounts, no additional bodies had been found.

An elegant set of colors was presented to Mike McCoil, the pugilist, last night. He is said to be in better condition than ever before, and his friends are sanguine that he will be victorious in the coming fight.

Mr. F. Flake, of the United States coast survey, arrived here last evening, for the purpose of determining the precise latitude and longitude of St. Louis, with the view of ascertaining the geographical position of the station near Alton, Illinois, at which observations of the eclipse on the 7th of August were made.

CAIRO.

Found Dead in His Bed.

Cairo, October 31.

H. Taylor, chief engineer of the new Cairo and Columbus packet Dan Able, was found dead in bed this morning at Mound City. A supposed cause, heart disease. His watch was stolen after death. Suspicion rests on two negroes, who have been arrested.

THE PACIFIC.

Koopmanschap and his Chinese.

Three Thousand of Them out of Employment.

Many of Them Returning Home.

Belle Boyd Sent to the Insane Asylum.

San Francisco, October 31.

The Mechanics' Institute exhibition closed last night. The institute medal was awarded to the Pacific Rolling Mill. Receipts over \$61,000.

Koopmanschap has returned and will forward one hundred Chinamen to work on the Memphis and El Paso railroad next week. He states that three thousand Chinamen are out of employment, and more are returning home at present than coming here, owing to the approaching national holidays of the empire.

Belle Boyd, the notorious Southern spy, has been sent to the insane asylum.

NEW YORK.

A DISASTROUS CONFLAGRATION.

A Statement of the Public Debt.

New York, October 31.

Between 12 and 1 o'clock this morning the planing and molding mill of Ogden & Carpenter, in East Fifty-third street, below First avenue, was, with contents, entirely destroyed by fire. The loss of Ogden & Carpenter is estimated at \$50,000. Insured at \$15,000. John McKenzie, wood turner, who occupied a portion of the building, lost \$5,000. No insurance. Seymour & Umberfield, cabinet makers, who occupied the floor, lost \$15,000. No insurance. The fire spread to the office and stables of Ward, Meton & Co.'s, line and storeyard adjoining, their loss is \$10,000. Insurance unknown.

Secretary Boutwell has directed the Assistant Treasurer at New York to give public notice that the sale of gold and purchase of bonds will be continued without change during the month of November.

A statement of the public debt, which will be published to-morrow, will show a decrease of \$7,633,882 75, making a total decrease of debt since the first March of \$2,332,269 65. The principal of the coin debt remains the same; the interest of the coin debt has increased \$9,811,183 25. The lawful money debt has decreased \$2,905,000; the interest has decreased \$30,362 50. Matured debt has decreased, principal, \$132,710; interest, \$99,781. Demand notes have decreased \$1,385. Fractional currency has increased \$4,034,143 88. Gold certificates have increased \$418,800. The coin in the Treasury has increased \$8,190,022 88. Currency in the Treasury has increased \$639,231. Sinking fund has increased \$2,131,843. Bonds waiting the action of Congress have increased \$11,394,584. Currency balance \$7,218,295 21. Coin balance, \$116,994,711 69.

EUROPE.

THE CONTEST FOR KING OF SPAIN.

Condition of the Spanish Finances.

Florence, October 31.

The Italian Government reserves the right to reject the decisions of the European Council. It proposed to the laws of the country and the spirit of the age.

Madrid, October 31.

Senior Ardenas, in his budget just submitted to the Cortes, announces that the financial deficit for the current year amounts to 520,000,000 reals. He looks forward with hope to the ensuing fiscal year, extending from January, 1870, to January, 1871. His estimate for which shows a surplus of 1,000,000,000 reals.

The prospects for the election of the Duke of Genoa to the throne of Spain continue to improve. The number of deputies in the Cortes known to be in his favor is increasing. Yesterday 110 members, among them some Radicals, openly pronounced for him, in the majority of the people seem to be hostile to his election. The merchants have presented a petition favoring Duke Montpensier.

It is again reported that Ministers Adamez and Silvels tendered their resignation.

It was officially announced in the Cortes yesterday that General Prim said that the government hoped to withdraw at an early day the decree establishing martial law; but at present such a step could not be taken, because many conspirators still remained at large, and the cases of several rebel leaders were pending before the council of war.

Le Public newspaper says the report that the Emperor is suffering from a relapse of his former illness is false. On Friday the Emperor experienced some rheumatic pains, but on Saturday they had disappeared, and the Emperor was quite well.

No meeting of the Ministerial Council has been held at Compeigne since the Emperor's return.

Prince Napoleon had an interview with the Emperor yesterday. This event, coupled with the sudden arrival of Emile Olivier in Paris, has caused a revival of rumors that ministerial changes are contemplated. It is given out that one of the special objects of Gen. Fleury's mission to St. Petersburg is to induce Russia to join other great powers in general disarmament.

CHICAGO.

A DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.

Woman Killed by a Runaway Team.

Chicago, October 31.

Last evening, while Christian Benfield and Mrs. Christina Tackel were riding in a wagon, along Clybourne avenue, near the northern city limits, the horses took fright at some object on the roadside and started at a fearful speed in the dark.

Mr. Benfield was soon thrown from the wagon and considerably hurt. The team finally brought up against a tree, shattering the wagon into many pieces and throwing Mrs. Tackel with great violence to the ground. She was taken to a house near by, where she expired in a few minutes.

Mr. Fessenden's Successor.

AGUSTA, Me., October 31.

Gov. Chamberlain yesterday appointed Lott M. Morrill, United States Senator to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Fessenden.

MEMPHIS.

Port List—Fatal Accident.

Memphis, October 31.

The weather is clear and pleasant. There was a heavy frost last night.

The following boats departed: Marble City, Vickburg; Luminary, St. Louis; Richmond, Louisville.

The steamer Linton, which sunk in the Arkansas river last week, has been raised. She will be brought here for repairs.

A little son of Alderman Cartwright was run over last evening by a wagon and fatally injured.

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF LOUISVILLE.

SUNDAY, OCT. 31, U. S.

ARRIVALS—OCT. 31.

United States, Cin. Ben Franklin, Cin.

Palis City, Green R. Wauwata, Mem.

Lorena, Cincinnati.

DEPARTURES—OCT. 31.

United States, Cin. Wauwata, Cin.

The river continues stationary, with three feet four inches water in the canal.

Business dull. Weather clear and pleasant.

—The Ben Franklin is the mail packet, at 10 o'clock, for Cincinnati this morning.

—The Wauwata passed up for Cincinnati yesterday.

—The Lorena goes to New Orleans at noon to-day. She is now at the city wharf, and will take freight without reshipment.

—The U. S. Mail Company have established an office on the corner of Fourth and Main.

—The Silver Spray passed down at 12 m. yesterday.

—The Belle Vernon and Abena are due from below. They will doubtless be found at the wharf this morning.

—Capt. Aken will certainly get off this evening at 3 o'clock, from the city wharf, with the LeClaire, for Tennessee river. She is a good boat and deserves the patronage of our merchants.

—The Rose Hite is the regular packet for Henderson this evening at 5 o'clock.

Chinese daughters are numbered, not named.

A Field likely to go to grass—Butterfield.

Can Butterfield be classed as a government security?

"You be jinked," is newsboy profanity it New York.

The artist of the hour is the man who drew the Coliseum.

The ties that connect business men with the public—advertisers.

The widow Muhlback is to marry a medical professor of Berlin.

Men slip on water when it is frozen and on whiskey when it isn't.

The glass that neither cheers nor incinerates—the looking glass.—Judy.

Ten jobs, coming up at the next session of Congress, ask for \$350,000,000.

Camilla Urso is Madame Leure, being married to Frederick Leure, a Frenchman.

Mrs. Tom Thumb is jealous of a California beauty four inches shorter than herself.

Mlle. Morensi, the American Contre, has made a success at the Paris Italians.

A young woman in New Haven has killed herself for the sake of her complexion, taking arsenic.

A frequently divorced man was recently shot in Arkansas, and the papers announce that he leaves several families of numerous children.

Bishop Greene, of Mississippi, is lying quite ill at the residence of Mr. R. T. Craighill, in Lynchburg, Va.

"Bill," said one apprentice to another, "my boss ain't always round the shop interfering with his own business."

Nice girls in Dubuque tip back in their chairs and put their feet on the sills of the front windows of the prominent hotel.

A detachment of one hundred and fifty young Canadians recently passed through Paris en route for Rome, where they will join the Pontifical army.

A genealogy of the Hall family, now in progress in Portland, Maine, indicates that the descendants of Havel Hall, in 136 years, have reached a number just beyond 10,000.

A little girl in Camden, N. J., died last week from the effects of a breast-pin, which she had swallowed, and which resisted all attempts of the physician to dislodge it from her stomach.

A negro on Thursday last committed rape upon a little white girl, at Davenport, Iowa, and upon being taken to jail the other prisoners were so incensed that they hung him up till he was nearly dead.

The meanest man has been found in Michigan. A laborer was buried by the caving in of a well on his premises, and he objected to any attempt at rescue on account of the expense for a man who was dead.

The family of Senator Sprague, of Rhode Island, has been increased by the birth of a daughter, at Narragansett, the residence of Mrs. Sprague during the last six months. This is the second child, the first being a boy.

Interview between Pere Beecher and Pere Hyacinthe—Pere Beecher (wiping his forehead with his pocket handkerchief) loquiter, "It's d-d hot." Pere Hyacinthe, "Mon ami, c'est de trop, you anticipate."—N. Y. Tel.

Madame Rattazzi looked on in the dissecting room at the post mortem examination of the Pantin victims. "A woman can walk down the boulevards in a green silk worked all over with yellow purpurs," say her enemies, "is above all emotion and public opinion."

At Amherst, Ohio, a few days ago, a little girl, named Jenkins, went to a spring for water, and on her way back, to save herself from falling, caught at a grindstone, weighing five hundred pounds, which fell upon and crushed her to death. Her mother, on finding her, was enabled, through nervous excitement, although in delicate health, to lift this great weight from the dead body.

Wise men are puzzling themselves to account for the fresh water which comes up through an iron tube, sunk fifteen feet through the constantly shifting sands of Cape Cod, from fifteen to twenty feet from high water and not more than three feet above it. The water in this tube rises and falls regularly with the tide, yet more than one hundred barrels have been pumped from it at one time without finding the slightest trace of saline matter. It is of such fine quality that vessels supply themselves for a sea voyage from this well.

THE GREAT DISASTER.

THE STORY OF A WOMAN.

Present Condition of the Boat.

The St. Louis Republican gives the narrative of Anna Gurney, who was saved from the Stonewall. Prior to this voyage, says the Republican, Anna married an Italian fruit-dealer on Fourth street. She had her house furnished, lived agreeably with her husband, and got along well.

Finally he sold out his peanut stand, and she sold out her laundry, with a view of going to New Orleans, where she has a sister engaged in the millinery business. The money was all placed in her trunk, and they embarked for New Orleans on the Stonewall. Her husband had his aged father and mother and their seven children, who went on the Stonewall at the same time. As stated, all her money was lost up in the trunk, except fifteen dollars, which she had tied in the bosom of her chemise.

There was a young lady on board the Stonewall about seventeen years of age, with whom Anna was well acquainted, and they kept together. On Wednesday evening, after supper, Anna invited her companion to go down with her on the main deck and sleep with her, as she had a comfortable berth. The women, being tired, divested themselves of their outer clothing and went to bed. On the deck there were several Italians, who were drunk and noisy; one of whom had a candle in his hand, and carelessly placed it on a bale of hay, setting it on fire. The alarm was immediately given, and in a second the boat was a perfect sheet of flame. Anna jumped up in her night clothes to save herself. All was consternation and confusion. She stood on the guards of the boat as long as it was safe, during which time she perfectly lost and self-possessed. A gentleman came up and proposed that if she would jump off with him into the water, he would try and save her. She said: "No; try and save yourself. I think I can save myself." He jumped off and she saw him drown. She stood on the guards until she was forced to jump into the river or burn to death, as the boat in that quarter became nearly enveloped in flames. She made the plunge and went to the bottom. When she came up she caught hold of a rope and thought that it led to the boat, but it was a rope attached to the spar, which had tumbled over into the water. She pulled herself along by the rope, until she came to the spar that had drifted under the burning steamer. While there, a post of the burning cabin overhead fell down and a portion struck her on the shoulders, injuring her severely. By this time she got off the spar and while holding her hand was burned by drops of melted pitch which trickled down. She being under the guards, was saved from being crushed by the falling spars and smoke pipes. A gentleman, at this time, who was struggling in the water, managed also to get astride of the spar. At this time the bursting of the coal oil cans covered the water with a liquid sheet of fire. As she expressed it, "the water was on fire." She and her companion held on to the spar until a boat came from Neeley's Landing to their rescue, a mile and a half distant, their safety being due to their position under the guards. After getting to shore the gentleman died in half an hour from lock jaw. He was so perfectly benumbed that he became insensible and never spoke after being rescued from the boat. On arriving at the landing, instead of finding her husband, the peanut vender, burned to a crisp or drowned, there he stood, hale and hearty, on the bank without a wet tread on him. There also was his father and mother, but all the children were drowned except one. She ascertained that her husband was one of the ten who had swam the vessel and escaped to the shore. They went ashore with but ten people, when the yawl could safely hold from forty to fifty passengers. After they got ashore none of them offered to go back with the yawl and rescue their wives and relatives, much less their fellow-passengers. Anna was ten to a house, but she made up her mind that this would be the last of her marriage relation with the gallant peanut man, who ran away with a boat, leaving her to perish.

Yesterday morning, when the steamer City of Cairo passed down, her husband told her that he would get the vessel and board for New Orleans, and then he would return to her and give her his attentions. Instead of which he got aboard of the City of Cairo and left her alone and destitute. Anna has decided never to speak to him again, or have any communication with him whatever. The fifteen dollars which she had in her bosom was washed away except a two dollar bill, which was dried out and restored to her, by the people on shore. With this she purchased a pair of shoes, but the citizens put in a contribution and bought her a dress. She told our reporter that she sunk three times before getting on the spar, and it was her opinion from experience, that a woman could stand cold water better than a man.

Mr. Kellam, when he passed yesterday morning, saw the charred hull of the Stonewall standing straight on the bar, with her smoke stacks toppled over about four hundred feet from shore, and one and a half miles from Neeley's landing. The wreck was in an eddy with a swift current running out into the main channel.

A Benevolent Gentleman?

From the Cincinnati Enquirer, Sunday.

One of the guests of the St. James Hotel, while passing along one of the halls last evening, dropped his wallet, which contained six thousand five hundred dollars, in notes and drafts. One of the drafts was for two thousand five hundred dollars, and was made payable to bearer. It was a heavy loss, and the grief of the owner may well be imagined. But luckily that valuable plum fell under the eye of an honest bell-boy of the hotel who picked it up, and delivered it to the clerk. The loser was notified of the rare fortune which awaited him at the clerk's desk, and most eagerly did he seek to reclaim his treasure. When it was handed to him, he dropped it into his pocket with a chuckle of delight, and buttoning his coat, turned upon his heel without so much as bestowing a thank upon the honest waiter who returned the lost treasure to him. The name of the benevolent gentleman was Price, and he hailed from Chicago.

At the Fifth Avenue Theater, New York, on the night of October 26th, while Miss Ames was upon the stage, her dress caught fire and she was instantly flamed. The audience became very much excited; some made for the doors, others for the stage, and one man jumped from the balcony to the stage. Order was soon restored, and it was understood that Miss Ames' injuries were slight, for she ran immediately to the stage carpenter, stationed at the side scenes with a horse blanket, and, being enveloped in this, the flames were immediately extinguished.

Special meetings of the officers of the Fenian Brotherhood and of the different circles are being held nearly every night in New York. A new circular has been prepared, and will be issued shortly.

MASONIC.

REGULAR MEETINGS IN LOUISVILLE.

KNIGHT TEMPLARS.

Louisville Commandery, No. 1, Masonic Temple, fourth Tuesday in each month. S. S. Parker, E. C.

De Molay Commandery, No. 12, Masonic Temple, second Tuesday in each month. R. G. Hawkins, E. C.

ROYAL AND SELECT MASTERS.

Louisville Council No. 4, Masonic Temple, 3d Monday in January, April, July and Oct. Wm. Ryan, T. L. G. M.

ROYAL ARCH.

Louisville R. A. Chapter No. 5, Masonic Temple, last Monday in each month. Wm. Ryan, H. P.

King Solomon's R. A. Chapter No. 18, Masonic Temple, second Monday in each month. Jas. A. Beattie, H. P.

Eureka R. A. Chapter No. 101, Main, bet. Shelby and Campbell, 4th Friday each month. W. C. Muir, H. P.

BLUE LODGES.

Abraham Lodge, No. 8, Masonic Temple, second and fourth Tuesdays in each month. W. J. Duncan, Master.

Clarke Lodge, No. 51, Masonic Temple, first and third Thursdays in each month. R. B. Sheridan, Master.

Mt. Moriah Lodge, No. 106, Masonic Temple, first and third Mondays in each month. Jas. McIlvaney, Master.

Antiquity Lodge, No. 113, Masonic Temple, first and third Wednesdays in each month. Hiram Bassett, Master.

Mt. Zion Lodge, No. 147, Masonic Temple, second and fourth Tuesdays in each month. John Hehl, Master.

Lewis Lodge, No. 191, Portland, first and third Fridays in each month. G. H. Walling, Master.

Compass Lodge, No. 223, Masonic Temple, first and third Tuesdays in each month. Fred. Webber, Master.

Willis Stewart Lodge, No. 224, Masonic Temple, second and fourth Mondays each month. H. W. Kelsner, Master.

St. George Lodge, No. 239, Masonic Temple, second and fourth Tuesdays in each month. M. Backrow, Master.

Excelsior Lodge, No. 258, corner First and Market sts., 1st and 3d Thursdays each month. N. P. Kendrick, Master.

Robinson Lodge, No. 266, 8th, bet. Jefferson and Green, 1st and 3d Thursdays each month. D. McClure, Master.

Preston Lodge, No. 281, Main, bet. Shelby and Campbell, 1st and 3d Wednesdays each month. W. H. McFerr, Master.

Falls City Lodge, No. 378, Masonic Temple, first and third Tuesdays in each month. Wm. Bailey, Master.

Louisville Lodge, No. 490, Masonic Temple, first and third Fridays in each month. A. H. Gardner, Master.

GRAND BODIES.

Grand Lodge of Kentucky, Masonic Temple, cor. Fourth and Jefferson, 3d Monday in Oct. E. S. Fitch, Flemingsburg, Grand Master.

Grand R. A. Chapter of Kentucky, at Masonic Temple, third Monday in October. R. G. Hawkins, Louisville, M. E. G. H. P.

Grand Council of R. and S. M. of Kentucky, Masonic Temple, Wednesday after 3d Monday in October. P. Swigert, Frankfort. G. P.

Grand Commandery of Knights Templar of Kentucky, June 10th, Lexington, Ky. J. M. Worrall, G. C.

A. A. S. R.

Grand Consistory, 2d Wednesday in Jan'y, March